## OFML-Basket XML Format

| Short Description | Specification of OBK / SCE XML basket format |
| :--- | :--- |
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|  |  |
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## 1. On the document

The OBK shopping basket format consists of XML elements identified by a tag. Elements can contain parameters and content. The content is either unformatted characters or additional elements. The Document Type Definition (DTD) in Chapter 3.10 defines attributes and content of elements.

## 2. File structure

The file structure reflects the object structure within the OBK basket. This consists of the actual basket and one or more views on the basket. The shopping basket and the views contain arranged articles, folders and other objects in a tree.

### 2.1. Object structure in the basket

For articles and folders in the shopping basket, a distinction is made between those that originate from an existing planning and those that were added to the shopping basket. Items, folders and other objects are stored in a tree structure in the basket as well as in the shopping basket views.

The structure of the planning articles and folders depends on the order structure from planning and cannot be changed in the shopping basket. Planning folders are located either at the top level of the warehouse basket or below another planning folder. Plan items are located either at the top level, below a planning folder, or below another plan item.

The structure of shopping basket articles and folders can be modified within certain limits. A shopping basket folder is located either at the top level, below a planning folder, or below another shopping basket folder. Shopping basket items can be at the top level as well as below plan items and folders, as well as shopping basket items and folders.

### 2.2. Object structure in shopping basket view

In the current implementation, the structure of the objects in the shopping basket view is synchronized with the structure in the shopping basket. For the shopping basket view, what is written in chapter 2.1 applies.

## 3. Definition of XML elements

### 3.1. Document Root

The OFML-Basket XML format is used both for storing the shopping basket in project files as well as for storing basket positions in the cut buffer. In the first case, the entire store structure, including the configuration and structure of the shopping basket views, is contained in the XML document. In the second case, this contains only information about selected articles and other items in the shopping basket. For distinction, different names are used for the top element of the XML structure called Document Root.
For all other XML elements, you can use the DTD to determine whether they are used when storing the shopping basket in project files and / or when storing basket positions in the cut buffer.
The Cut (), Copy (), and Paste () methods of the BasketView interface also use the cut buffer format.

### 3.1.1. Document Root for saved shopping basket

This item is used as the document root when you store the shopping basket, including shopping basket views and its configuration, into the project file.

| XML Code: | <basket> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: | All OBK basket files must have a basket element at the top level. All further information can <br> be found in elements contained in the basket element. |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT basket <br> (versionInfo?, bsKCounts?, config, genImgURIs, appData?, <br> topolder, bskCalc, view+)> <br> <!ATTLIST basket> |
|  |  |
|  |  |

### 3.1.2. Document Root for basket elements stored in the cut buffer

This element is used as a document root when storing selected basket positions in the cut buffer.

| XML Code: | <cutBuffer> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: | cutBuffer is used as a document root when storing selected basket positions in the <br> cut buffer. For the description of the element items see chapter 3.8. |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT cutBuffer (versioninfo?, items)> <br> <!ATTLIST cutBuffer> |

### 3.2. Version Information

Sometimes it is helpful to know how to use Basket XML to determine which application or application version it was created, or which version of the Basket XML specification it corresponds to. ${ }^{1}$

| XML Code: | <versionInfo> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: | The versionInfo element contain <br> ument was written, and optionaly <br> and the version of the EAI shopp <br> the appVersion, bskXmIVersion, <br> expression [0-9] + \. [0-9] + ((alp <br> DTD: <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> <!ELEMENT versionInfo EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST versionInfo <br>  <br> vendoKKey CDTA \#REQUIRED <br> appKey CDATA \#REQUIRED <br> appVersion CDATA \#REQUIRED <br>  <br> bskXmIVersion CDATA \#IMPLIED <br> bskVersion CDATA \#IMPLIED> |

[^0]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| vendorKey | Yes | string | The key of the manufacturer of the application from which the document was written. The same user name as in the Windows registry can normally be used as a manufacturing key. The following keys are currently available and should also be used for these manufacturers: <br> EasternGraphics <br> EasternGraphics <br> GmbH <br> Vitra - Vitra GmbH |
| appKey | Yes | string | The key of the application from which the document was written. For this, i.d.R. the same application name as used in the Windows registry. The following keys are currently assigned and should also be used for these applications: |
| appVersion | Yes | version | The version number of the application that has written the document. |
| bskXmIVersion | No | version | The version number of the Basket XML specification that corresponds to the document. The version must be greater than or equal to 1.4beta1 because the versionInfo element has been added to the specification in this version. <br> The document must be compatible with the specified version of the Basket XML specification. If it becomes necessary to change the semantics of elements, attributes, or content in an incompatible manner, the interpretation of the document as specified in the basket XML specification will be made when reading the document. |
| bskVersion | No | version | If the document was written by the EAI shopping basket module, this attribute contains the version number of the same. Otherwise, it may not be specified. |

### 3.3. Statistics

In order to be able to realize a meaningful progress display during the import, information about the number of objects and views contained in the shopping basket must be stored at the beginning of the shopping basket.
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { XML Code: } \\ \text { Description: }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { <bskCounts> } \\ \text { DTD: } \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \text { This item is optional. The attributes contain the number of objects in the basket and } \\ \text { the number of views in the basket. } \\ \text { <!ELEMENT bskCounts EMPTY> } \\ \text { <!ATTLIST bskCounts } \\ \text { items CDATA \#IMPLIED } \\ \text { views CDATA \#IMPLIED> }\end{array}\right]$

[^1]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| views | Yes | integer | Contains the number of views on the basket. |

### 3.4. Configuration

When creating a new project and thus a new shopping basket, different user-specific presets for the shopping basket are accepted in the basket and stored together with the shopping basket. All settings that are not specific to a specific shopping basket view are stored within the config element.

```
XML Code: <config>
Description: The config element contains additional items with information about the
    configuration of the shopping basket.
DTD: <!ELEMENT config (column+, defaultView, currency, VAT)>
    <!ATTLIST config>
```


### 3.4.1. Columns

The OFML shopping basket has a predefined set of columns, which can be manually extended by any number of own columns. Each column, including the predefined columns, must be described by a column element within the configuration. The columns thus described are not necessarily visible. Which columns are displayed in which shopping basket view is described within the shopping basket view.
User defined columns provide the ability to set additional attributes for each object in the shopping basket.

| XML Code: | <column> |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description: | The column element describes a column of the commodity basket. The order of the column elements is arbitrary. User-defined columns can have either the defColld attribute or the defColValue element. |  |  |  |  |  |
| DTD: | ```<!ELEMENT column (defCoIValue)?> <!ATTLIST column id CDATA #REQUIRED type (builtin\|text|number|bool|image|eclass) #REQUIRED name CDATA #REQUIRED title CDATA #REQUIRED defColId CDATA #IMPLIED>``` |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |  |  |  |
| Id | Yes | uuid | Contains the unique identification of the column. The IDs of the predefined columns are: |  |  |  |


| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 81d12edc-853a-11d6-9c21-00e029099a4b - Position Number 9c9ea8ea-20ce-11d7-9c21-00e029099a4b - Catalog Image <br> If the $i d$ attribute has one of these values, the type attribute must have the value builtin. |
| Type | Yes | enum | builtin -  Predefined  Column <br> text  Column contains text  <br> number   Column contains number <br> bool  - Column contains truth value |
| Name | Yes | string | Name of the column, e.g. in the dialog for selecting the visible columns. |
| Title | Yes | string | Title, e.g. in header from table. |
| defColld | No | uuid | UUID of column that contains the default value for this column. The column element of the referenced column can occur before or after the reference column. A column with the default value can also be defined for the referenced column as long as cyclic references are avoided. <br> No default value column can be specified for predefined columns. |

### 3.4.1.1. Default value of custom columns

The value of cells to be displayed in user-defined columns can be taken from a default column (attribute defColId) configured for the column, or it can correspond to the default value configured for the column, which is usually variable which are expanded according to the characteristics of the position.

```
XML Code: <defColValue>
Description: The content of the defColValue element is the value that is to be displayed for cells without
    their own content.
DTD: <!ELEMENT defCoIValue (#PCDATA)>
    <!ATTLIST defCoIValue>
```


### 3.4.2. Default View

## XML Code: <defaultView>

Description: The defaultView element specifies the shopping basket view to be displayed by default after opening the shopping basket.
DTD: <!ELEMENT defaultView EMPTY> <!ATTLIST defaultView id CDATA \#REQUIRED>

| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| id | Yes | uuid | ID of the standard view of the shopping basket view. It must corre- <br> spond to the value of the id attribute of one of the view elements <br> (§3.7). |

### 3.4.3. Währung

| XML Code: | <currency> |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: | The currency element determines the currency to use in the basket. If the product <br> data amounts are in a different currency, they are converted into the currency speci- <br> fied here. <br> <!ELEMENT currency EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST currency <br> unit CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |
| DTD: |  | Required |

### 3.4.4. Mehrwertsteuer



### 3.5. Generated article images

Items in the basket can contain references to generated article images, which are stored together with the shopping basket in the project file. Articles with the same configuration refer to the same image. The assignment of the configuration to the image is made by means of a mapping table in which the program ID, the manufacturer ID, the serial ID, the basic article number and the variant code are used as the key and the URI of the image as a value.

| XML Code: | <genImgURIs> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: | The genImgURIs element contains zero or more elements for the individual gener- <br> ated article images that are referenced when they are saved by the shopping basket. <br> <!ELEMENT genImgURIs (genImgURI*)> <br> <!ATTLIST genImgURIs> |
| DTD: |  |

### 3.5.1. Reference to generated article picture

| L Code: <genimgURI> |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Descriptio | The attributes of the genImgURI element are the key for the generated article image in the table that maps article configurations to article images. The content of the element is the URI of the generated article image. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT genImgURI (\#PCDATA)> <!ATTLIST genImgURI progld CDATA \#REQUIRED manuld CDATA \#REQUIRED seriesId CDATA \#REQUIRED artNo CDATA \#REQUIRED varCode CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| progld | Yes | string | Contains the program ID of the corresponding article, e.g. @ofmI_goiex. |
| manuld | Yes | string | Contains the commercial name of the manufacturer, usually two characters (eg $E G$ ) |
| seriesld | Yes | string | Contains the abbreviation of the commercial series, usually two characters, capitalized (e.g., GX) |
| artNo | Yes | string | Contains the basic article number of the article |
| varCode | Yes | string | Contains the variant code of the article |

### 3.6. Basket

After the references to the generated article images, the content of the commodity basket follows in the form of a topFolder element, which contains all further elements for the objects in the shopping basket.

| XML Code: <topFolder> |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Descriptio DTD: | The topFolder element contains items for the top-level basket objects. <br> <!ELEMENT topFolder <br> (appData?, <br> (bskFolder\|bskArticle|usrArticle |plFolder|plArticle)*)> <br> <!ATTLIST topFolder <br> basketld CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| basketld | Yes | uuid | Contains the unique ID for the top folder of the shopping basket. It differs for every shopping basket. |

### 3.6.1. Basket Folder

Basket Folders are the folders that were created in the shopping basket and do not exist in any existing planning. Since they do not exist in the planning, the structure of articles and folders from the planning but the order structure corresponds to the planning, shopping basket folders cannot contain any planning articles or folders.

| XML Code: <br> Description: |  | <bskFolder> |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | The bskFolder element represents a shopping basket and contains items with data from the shopping basket, as well as items for subobjects such as other shopping basket items, shopping basket items, and custom items. |  |
| DTD: | $\begin{gathered} \text { <!ELEN } \\ \text { (label, } \\ \text { <!ATTL } \\ \text { baske } \end{gathered}$ | ENT b appD ST bsk Id CDA | opder <br> , (bskFolder\|bskArticle|usrArticle)*)> der <br> \#REQUIRED> |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| basketld | Yes | unid | Contains the unique ID for the basket. |

The label of the folder is not stored as an attribute of the bskFolder element, but in a separate label element, since this is necessary anyway for the support of multilingual labels.

### 3.6.2. Planning Folder

Planning folders as well as planning elements contained in them are generated during the switchover from the planning to the shopping basket through planning and displayed in the shopping basket.

| XML Code: | <plFolder> |
| :---: | :---: |
| Description: | The plFolder element represents a planning folder folder data, as well as items for sub-items such as shopping basket folders, and shopping basket ite |
| DTD: | ```<!ELEMENT pIFolder (label, appData?, (pIFolder\|pIArticle|bskFolder|bskArticle|usrArticle)*)> <!ATTLIST pIFolder basketId CDATA #REQUIRED planId CDATA #REQUIRED>``` |


| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| basketld | Yes | uuid | Contains the unique ID for the planning folder. |
| planld | Yes | string | Contains the order ID of the planning folder used within the order- <br> ing structure of the planning. |

The label of the folder is not stored as an attribute of the plFolder element, but in a separate label element, since this is necessary anyway for the support of multilingual labels.

[^2]
### 3.6.3. Folder Items

### 3.6.3.1. Labeling of folders

```
XML Code: <label>
Description: The label element contains the label of a folder.
DTD: <!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST label>
```


### 3.6.4. Basket Items

Basket items are items that were created in your basket. For these articles, an OFML object exists only immediately after the creation and during the variant configuration. All required data, including product data, must therefore be stored within the element for the shopping basket item. For article groups which can only be instantiated as a whole (e.g., metatype with main child and subtypes), it is also necessary to store information describing the relationship between the individual bskArticle elements of such an article group. This happens

- by the attribute subltem of the element bskArticle,
- by the elements subArticle and mainArticle, which contain references to the sub-article or the main article of an article group,
- by the element metaltem, which contains the reference to the superordinate metatype for a sub-arti$\mathrm{cle}^{4}$,
- by the element propSubArticle, which contains an identification for sub-articles, via which the corresponding OFML article object can be accessed, and
- by the element addStateCode, which contains a coding for the main article, in addition to the basic article number and variant encoding, which can be used to create the article group again as a group of OFML articles.


## XML Code: <bskArticle>

Description: The bskArticle element represents a basket item and contains items with data from the shopping basket, as well as for other shopping basket items or user-defined articles. For elements of the type bskArticle, the subcategories artNr, description, features and itemPrice should be present, in contrast to elements of the type plArticle, since groups and partial planning are not supported as shopping basket items. The elements addStateCode and subArticle should only be available for BasketPartialPlanning or BasketAggregate basket items. The elements propSubArticle, mainItem, and metaItem should only exist for bskArticle elements with the value " 1 " for the subItem attribute.

[^3]

### 3.6.4.1. Zustandsinformation für Artikelgruppe

| XML Code | <addS | eCode |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Descriptio | The a or art | ddSta <br> cle gro | Code element contains additional status information about an article The type of status information is defined by the type attribute. |
| DTD: | <! ELE <!ATTL type | ENT ad ST addS ChildProp | ```tateCode (#PCDATA)> teCode #REQUIRED>``` |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| type | Yes | enum | ChildProps - Status information about child-controlled objects of bskArticle elements of type BasketPartialPlanning or BasketAggregate. The format of the state information is dependent on the implementation of the OFML data. |

### 3.6.4.2. References to sub-articles

## XML Code: <subArticle>

Description: bskArticle elements of type BasketPartialPlanning or BasketAggregates usually contain one or more subArticle elements. Each one references the id attribute of another bskArticle element, which represents a sub-article.

[^4]| DTD: | <!ELEMENT subArticle EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST subArticle <br> id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| id | Yes | uuid | The id attribute contains the unique ID of the subentry. |

Note: The sub-elements of an article group (for example, metatype) that can only be instantiated as a whole are not always referenced by the main element via the subArticle element, but by the bskArticle element, which is directly superordinated in the initial structure ${ }^{6}$, with the basketPartialPlanning or BasketAggregate type. This makes a difference e.g. in nested metatypes.

### 3.6.4.3. Identification of sub-articles

The assignment between OFML objects and shopping basket elements for sub-articles of an article group that can be instantiated only in the whole case is done by means of an ID. The ID is assigned to the OFML page, queried by the superior OFML object (the metatype) with getPropSubArticleIDs(), and then stored in the corresponding basket element. Later, you can use getPropSubArticle() to get the OFML object associated with the commodity element.

| XML Code: | <propSubArticle> <br> Description: | The propSubArticle element is used to store additional information for sub-articles <br> of an article group that can only be instantiated. Currently this is only the identifica- <br> tion of the sub-article that is required for the assignment between the OFML object <br> and the article of the basket. <br> <!ELEMENT propSubArticle EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST propSubArticle <br> id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DTD: | Required | Type |
| Attribute | Description |  |
| id | Yes | string | | The id attribute contains the ID of the sub-article. The format of the ID de- |
| :--- |
| pends on the implementation of the OFML (main) article. |
| In the case of metatypes, the bskElement has an empty string as the ID |
| for the main child. ${ }^{7}$ |

### 3.6.4.4. Reference to main element

| XML Code: | <mainltem> |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: | Each bskArticle element for a subentry of a group of articles (for example, <br> metatype) that is only instantiable as a whole, contains a mainItem element that <br> references the main article of the group. <br> <!ELEMENT mainltem EMPTY> <br> <!AATLLSTT maintem <br> id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |
| DTD: | Required | Type | | Description |
| :--- |

[^5]This reference is necessary, since the bskArticle elements in the shopping basket can be rearranged almost arbitrarily, and therefore the composition of an article group cannot be inferred from the structure in the shopping basket.

### 3.6.4.5. Reference to metatype element

| XML Code | <metaltem> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Descriptio | Each bskArticle element that represents a child of a metatype (including the main child) contains a metaltem element that references the bskArticle element of the corresponding metatype. In the case of nested meta types, the elements of the inner metatype have different mainltem and metaltem IDs. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT metaltem EMPTY> <!ATTLIST metaltem id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| id | Yes | uuid | The unique identification of the metatype of which this article is a child. |

### 3.6.4.6. Catalog Information

Sometimes it is necessary to access the catalog entry that created an article. An example is the use of the catalog image for the article in the document instead of an automatically generated one.

| XML Code: |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: | <cataloginfo> <br> Attributes of the cataloginfo element contain information about the catalog from which the <br> article was originally inserted. <br> <!ELEMENT catalogInfo EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST catalogInfo <br> id CDATA \#REQUIRED <br> version CDATA \#REQUIRED <br> artNr CDATA \#REQUIRED <br> varCode CDATA ""> |
| Attribute | Required |

Catalog information is only stored for shopping basket articles, since their storage in the OFML-Basket file is not necessary for user-defined (manual) articles (not inserted in the catalog) and planning articles (catalog information in permanently existing OFML articles).

### 3.6.5. Planning Article

Planning articles are articles that were created in the planning and (conceptually) adopted during the switch from planning to the shopping basket in the latter. The corresponding OFML articles exist permanently and must be stored and invited together with the OFML basket file in a separate scene file.

Description: The plArticle element represents a planning article and consists in elements that contain the data of the planning article as well as elements for other planning articles, shopping basket articles, or user-defined articles. The artNr, description, features and itemPrice elements are optional because groups and subplans, which are also stored as plArticle elements, do not have this information. ${ }^{8}$ An exclOffers element is not supported because planning articles cannot be alternative locations.

## DTD:

<!ELEMENT pIArticle
(label, manufacturer?, series?, artNr*, description*, features?, itemPrice+, predefVendorDiscount*, pdInfo, inconsistency?, artCalc, appData?, (pIArticle|bskArticle|usrArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST plArticle basketId CDATA @REQUIRED
itemType (Article|Group|PartialPlanning|Aggregate) \#REQUIRED planId CDATA \#REQUIRED>
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| basketld | Yes | uuid | Contains the unique ID for the planning article. |
| itemType | Yes | enum | Article-The element is a planning article whose order item is of type @Ar- <br> ticle and whose scheduling element is not derived from class <br> $\because: o f m l:: x o i:: x O i A g g r e g a t e . ~$ <br> Group-The element is a planning article whose order item is of type <br> @Group and whose scheduling element is derived from class <br> $\because:$ ofml::xoi::xOiGroup. <br> PartialPlanning-The element is a planning article whose order item is of <br> type @Group and whose scheduling element is not derived from the class <br> $\because:$ ofml::xoi::xOiGroup. <br> Aggregates - The element is a planning article whose order item is of type <br> @Article and whose scheduling element is derived from class <br> $\because:$ ofml::xoi::xOiAggregate. |
| planld | Yes | string | Contains the Order ID of the planning article used within the planning order <br> structure. |

### 3.6.6. User-defined Articles

User-defined articles are articles which are not deposited by OFML articles and whose attributes can be set by the user with arbitrary values.

| XML Code: | <usrArticle> |
| :---: | :---: |
| Description: | The usrArticle element represents a user-defined article and contains elements with data of the article as well as elements for other user-defined articles or goods basket articles. |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT usrArticle <br> (manufacturer?, series?, artNr*, description*, quantity, itemPrice+, predefVendorDiscount*, pdInfo, artCalc, exclOffers?, featureText, appData?, (bskArticle\|usrArticle)*)> <br> <!ATTLIST usrArticle <br> basketld CDATA \#REQUIRED <br> itemType (UserArticle) \#REQUIRED> |

[^6]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| basketld | Yes | uuid | Contains the unique ID for the user-defined article. |
| itemType | Yes | enum | UserArticle - The item is a user-defined item inserted into the shopping <br> basket that is never deposited by an OFML object or any other form of <br> product data. |

### 3.6.6.1. Features

For custom articles, the feature element is not used because it requires the collection of structured features (name, value). To be able to capture and save text with the features of the article, the featureText element exists, which is used exclusively for user-defined articles.

| XML Code: | <featureText> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: | The featureText element contains the unstructured text describing the features of the cus- <br> tom article. |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT featureText (\#PCDATA)> <br> <!ATTLIST featureText> |
|  |  |

### 3.6.7. Article Elements

### 3.6.7.1. Manufacturer

| XML Code: | <manufacturer> <br> Description: | The manufacturer element contains the commercial short name of the manufacturer (two <br> characters, capitalized) as well as optionally within name elements (§3.9.1) the name of the <br> manufacturer, if necessary in different languages. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT manufacturer (name*)> <br> <!ATTLIST manufacturer <br> id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| id | Yes | string | The commercial short name of the manufacturer of the article, two charac- <br> ters long, capital letters. |

Nested name elements are optional. If present, they will contain the name of the manufacturer in the appropriate language, which will be used if the name of the manufacturer cannot be obtained from the registration database.
Within a basket file, the name elements for the same manufacturer need only be contained within the first manufacturer element. If they are contained in several manufacturer elements of the same manufacturer, they should always contain the same name for the same language.

### 3.6.7.2. Serie

| XML Code: | <series> <br> Description: | The series element contains the short name of the commercial series (two characters, cap- <br> italized) as well as optionally within name elements (§3.9.1) the name of the series, possibly <br> in different languages. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT series (name*)> <br> <!ATTLIST series <br> id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | | Description |
| :--- |

Nested name elements are optional. If present, they contain the name of the series in the appropriate language that will be used if the name of the series cannot be obtained from the registry. Within a basket file, the name elements for the same manufacturer's series need only be included within the first series element. If they are contained in several series elements of the same series from one manufacturer, then they should always contain the same name for the same language.

### 3.6.7.3. Article Number

The element for the article number appears multiple times within the corresponding article element in order to specify basic and final article number as well as variant coding.

| XML Code: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: | | <artNr> |
| :--- |
| The artNr element contains an article number of the article in whose element it is directly |
| contained. |
| DTD: |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| <!ELEMENT artNr (\#PCDATA)> |
| <!ATTLIST artNr |
| type (base\|final|varcode) \#REQUIRED |
| default (0\|1) "0"> |

### 3.6.7.4. Description

The element for the description appears multiple times within the corresponding article element to specify the short and long texts of the article and optionally the text describing the features. ${ }^{9}$

| XML Code | <des | ion> |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Descriptio | The long | escription <br> xts of | element contains within text elements the possibly multilingual short and article in whose element it is directly contained. |
| DTD: | <!ELEM <br> <!ATTL <br> type <br> defau | ENT de ST descr short\|lo t (0|1) | iption (text*)> <br> tion <br> \|features) \#REQUIRED <br> EQUIRED> |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| type | Yes | enum | short short text <br> long long text <br> features - features <br> The features type is only allowed if the superordinate element is a bskArti-   <br> cle - element or a plArticle - element.   |
| default | Yes | bool | If the value is "1" (true), this text is by default (as long as not explicitly specified by the application) in the article table. This can be done simultaneously for short and long text of an article. The text with the characteristics must not be marked as standard text. |

For user-defined articles, a valid value is written for the attribute default, which is ignored when importing. The reason for this is that by default, the user-defined article always uses the long text if it is not empty.

[^7]
### 3.6.7.5. Features

The features of an article are contained within the features element, with a separate feature element for each feature that includes both the symbolic and language-specific names and values of the features and their language-specific descriptions.

| XML Code: | <features> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: | The features element exists once per article. It contains zero or more feature elements, <br> each of which describes a feature of the article. |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT features (feature*)> <br> <!ATTLIST features> |

The feature element is not used for user-defined articles (§3.6.6).

| XML Code: | <feature> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description: | The feature element describes a feature of an article. The symbolic name and value are stored as attributes, while the multilingual language-specific names and values are contained within nameText and valueText elements. As of version 1.4 of the OFML-Basket XML Format specification, the element descrText can be used to match the parts of the description of the article characteristics, which, summarized for all visible characteristics, sum to the text stored in the description element with the type features. ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |
| DTD: | ```<!ELEMENT feature (nameText*, valueText*, descrText*)> <!ATTLIST feature name CDATA \#REQUIRED value CDATA \#REQUIRED flags CDATA \#REQUIRED id ID \#IMPLIED nameText IDREF \#IMPLIED valueText IDREF \#IMPLIED descrText IDREF \#IMPLIED>``` |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| name | Yes | string | The symbolic name of the feature. |
| value | Yes | string | The symbolic value of the feature. |
| flags | Yes | integer | A positive decimal value representing a bitmask. Unused bits are set to 0. <br> Bit 0 - Characteristic in exports and print visible (1) or not visible (0). |
| id | No | feature id | Unique name of the feature element. The value must match the regular expression feature $[0-9]+$, where the numeric value of the digit string must be less than $2^{31}-1$. This attribute should only be used if you want to refer to the corresponding element from other parts of the XML document. A reference name is only possible for elements that occur after the referenced element during the pre-order traversal of the XML document. |
| nameText | No | feature id | If the nameText attribute exists, it points to another feature element whose id attribute has the same value as the nameText attribute and whose language-specific feature names are also to be used for the referencing feature. The referenced feature element cannot have a nameText attribute. Instead, it must have at least one nameText child element for a language-specific feature name. |

[^8]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| valueText | No | feature id | Similar to the nameText attribute, except that instead of the language- <br> specific characteristic name of the referenced element, the language- <br> specific characteristic values of the same are adopted by the referencing <br> element. |
| descrText | No | feature id | Similar to the attribute nameText, except that instead of the language- <br> specific characteristic name of the referenced element, the characteristic <br> descriptions of the same are adopted by the referencing element. |

Up to and including EAI 1.3, to reduce the scope of the Basket XML file, it was not necessary to specify the language-specific characteristic names if the symbolic feature name was not empty and the last feature element within the basket file had language specific names identical with this same symbolic feature name. As of EAI 1.4, the attributes id and nameText of the feature element exist for this purpose. However, the mechanism used in EAI 1.4 is still supported in both writing and reading in EAI 1.4 to allow twoway exchange of Basket XML files between EAI 1.3 and EAI 1.4. The statements made for the nameText element apply in the same way to the valueText element.

### 3.6.7.5.1. Feature Names



### 3.6.7.5.2. Merkmalswerte

| XML Code | <valueText> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Descriptio | The valueText element contains the characteristic value in the language specified by the lang attribute. If a feature element contains a valueText element, the corresponding valueText elements must be included for all languages supported by the article. An exception is the case that all language-specific characteristic values are empty. In this case, the feature element may contain a single valueText element without a long attribute. ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT valueText (\#PCDATA)> <!ATTLIST valueText lang CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| lang | Yes | string | The language of the characteristic value as ISO 639 language code. |

### 3.6.7.5.3. Attribute Description

```
XML Code: <descrText>
```

[^9]| Description: <br> DTD: | The descrText element contains the descriptive text of a feature in the language specified by the lang attribute. Each line of text is stored in a descrLine element. <br> <!ELEMENT descrText (descrLine+)> <br> <!ATTLIST descrText <br> lang CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| lang | Yes | string | The language of the descriptive text of the feature as ISO 639 language abbreviation. |
| XML Code: <br> Description: |  | The element descrLine contains a line of the descriptive text of a feature. The line consists of up to two fields, which are stored as content of the elements descrField0 and descrField1. |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT descrLine (descrField0, descrField1)> <!ATTLIST descrLine> |  |  |
| XML Code | <descrField0> <br> <descrField1> |  |  |
| Descriptio | The contents of these elements are normally the language-specific characteristic names (descrField0) and the characteristic value (descrField1). Both should be separated by a colon and / or space to form a line of the description text. Sometimes a separation between feature name and value is not possible in every row. In these cases, the content of descrField1 is empty, and the line of the description text consists solely of the content of descrField0. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT descrField0 (\#PCDATA)> <br> <!ATTLIST descrField0> <br> <!ELEMENT descrField1 (\#PCDATA)> <br> <!ATTLIST descrField1> |  |  |

### 3.6.7.6. Quantity

The quantity element specifies the number of articles for each position. It only needs to be specified if the item does not contain exactly one item.

| XML Code: | <quantity> |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: |  | | The quantity element contains the number of articles in the position in which it is located. |
| :--- |
| As a child of a bskArticle element, it may only be used if its subltem attribute has the value |
| " 0 ". ${ }^{13}$ |

### 3.6.7.7. Item Price

Several itemPrice items specify the official (i.e., the product data) buying and selling prices of an item, as well as the sales prices derived from a price profile from the former.

[^10]| XML Code: <br> Description: |  | <itemPrice> |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | An element itemPrice contains in an attribute a certain price of a single item of the item. The price at stake is determined by attributes. Prices resulting from discounts and / or surcharges are included in a separate calc element (§3.6.7.9.2). |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT itemPrice EMPTY> <!ATTLIST itemPrice type (purchase\|sale) \#REQUIRED pd (0|1) "0" override (0|1) " 0 " currency CDATA \#REQUIRED value CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| type | Yes | enum | purchase - purchase price for the dealer sale - retail price of the retailer; This is always the sales price read from the product data and, if applicable, determined after applying a price profile, not a sales price that may have been explicitly entered in the shopping basket for the item. |
| pd | No | bool | If " 1 " (true), then this is the purchase or sale price stored in the product data, otherwise it is a price derived from the former by a price profile. <br> For user-defined articles, the itemPrice elements with the attribute pd set to " 1 " contain the gross purchase price or the selling price entered by the user. |
| override | No | bool | If " 1 ", this is a user-entered gross purchase price that overrides the purchase price provided by the product data. In this case, the attribute type must have the value purchase and the attribute pd the value " 1 ". <br> itemPrice elements within user-defined articles cannot have an override attribute with the value "1" because of the user-entered prices where the pd attribute is set to " 1 " and the override attribute is implicitly set to " 0 ". |
| currency | Yes | currency | Currency according to ISO 4217 (for example "EUR"). |
| value | Yes | decimal | Value. |

The purchase price provided by the product data provides the basis for specifying an item-specific supplier discount. The derived purchase price is used in the calculation of the dealer's margin. The deducted sales price is the basis of the net price of the item in the receipt, which may have been modified by discounts and / or surcharges, unless a sales price for the item has been explicitly specified in the shopping basket. The latter is stored as part of the article costing with the element salesPrice (§3.6.7.9.3).
The purchase price given with type = "purchase", pd="0", and override = " 0 " is the value determined by applying the price profile to the gross purchase price, if the user changes the supplier discount given by the price profile or If additional supplier discounts are awarded, the actual purchase price will differ from the value stated here.

### 3.6.7.8. Predefined supplier discount

XML Code: <predefVendorDiscount>
Description: The predefVendorDiscount element contains a predefined supplier discount, which was provided by the price profile of the OBK or via the ApplyPriceProfile event of the OBK server interface. It will be recalculated after inserting the article and after each re-configuration.
The predefVendorDiscount element can occur zero or more times. The order is relevant because they are chain discounts.

| DTD: | <!ELEMENT predefVendorDiscount EMPTY> |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | <!ATTLIST predefVendorDiscount |
|  | label CDATA \#REQUIRED |
|  | incr (0\|1) \#REQUIRED |
|  | relative CDATA \#REQUIRED |
|  | currency CDATA \#REQUIRED |
|  | value CDATA \#REQUIRED> |


| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| label | Yes | string | Name of the discount. |
| incr | Yes | bool | If "1" (true), the relative discount is based on the current difference from the <br> purchase price provided by the product data and the previous supplier re- <br> bates. If "0", the relative discount refers directly to the purchase price from <br> product <br> dhe <br> data. <br> For user-defined items, the supplier discount refers to the gross purchase <br> price entered by the user. |
| relative | Yes | decimal | The relative discount in percent. |
| currency | Yes | cur- <br> rency | The currency of the absolute rebate according to ISO 4217 (for example <br> "EUR"). |
| value | Yes | decimal | Amount of the absolute discount. |

### 3.6.7.9. Product Information

## XML Code: <pdInfo>

Description: The element pdInfo contains additional product information, partly in the form of attributes, partly in another element. Product information in attributes is independent of the product database used, while the item contained is specific to the product database used by the product.
The epdf element may only be included if the value of the attribute pdbType is "epdf'.

```
DTD: <!ELEMENT pdInfo (epdf?)>
    <!ATTLIST pdInfo
    pdbType (undef|other|epdf|epl|ocd) #REQUIRED
    pkgName CDATA #REQUIRED
    manufacturerId CDATA #REQUIRED
    seriesId CDATA #REQUIRED
    progld CDATA #REQUIRED>
```

| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| pdbType | Yes | enum | undef - The product database type is not available. This is true, for exam- <br> ple for items without product database. <br> other - The type of product database is unknown. <br> epdf - This is an EPDF product database. <br> epl - It is an EPL product database. <br> ocd - It is an OCD product database. |
| pkgName | Yes | string | OFML name of the package containing the item data. Not to be confused <br> with the package containing the catalog from which the article was in- <br> serted. The package name starts with two colons and should not have fi- <br> nal colons ${ }^{14}$, e.g. ": OFML::goiex". |
| manufac- <br> turerld | Yes | string | The short name of the manufacturer, consisting of two characters, upper- <br> case letters. The value must be the same as that of the id attribute of the |

[^11]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| seriesld | Yes | string | The short name of the commercial series of the article, consisting of two <br> characters, uppercase letters. The value must be the same as that of the <br> id attribute of the series element. |
| progld | Yes | string | ProgID of the program containing the commercial data, e.g. @ofml_goiex. <br> The progld does not necessarily refer to the same package as the <br> pkgName, which is the package that contains the implementation of the <br> article's OFML class. <br> This attribute has only been introduced retrospectively. For older projects <br> that do not contain it, it is derived from the pkgName attribute. |

### 3.6.7.9.1. EPDF Product Information

## XML Code: <epdf>

Description: The epdf element contains additional product information for articles with an EPDF product database.

DTD:
<!ELEMENT epdf EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST epdf artSrc CDATA \#REQUIRED accountGrp CDATA \#REQUIRED ctrICode CDATA \#REQUIRED prodHier CDATA \#REQUIRED>

| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| artSrc | Yes | string | source of data |
| accountGrp | Yes | string | account group |
| ctrlCode | Yes | string | control code |
| prodHier | Yes | string | product hierarchy |

3.6.7.9.2.

### 3.6.7.9.3. Article Calculation

The article calculation contains information about discounts and surcharges for the article (or item). Derived prices are not laid out (in contrary to the receipt calculation (§3.6.8)).

```
XML Code: <artCalc>
Description: The artCalc element contains information about supplier rebates and additional discounts and surcharges in the form of additional elements.
```

```
DTD: <!ELEMENT artCalc (salesPrice?, vendorDiscount*, purchasePrice?,
```

DTD: <!ELEMENT artCalc (salesPrice?, vendorDiscount*, purchasePrice?,
    itemDiscount*, itemAddCharge*)>
itemDiscount*, itemAddCharge*)>
<!ATTLIST artCalc>

```
    <!ATTLIST artCalc>
```

The number of contained itemDiscount and itemAddCharge elements is arbitrary. However, it should be noted that applications are sometimes unable to add new elements. Thus, in these applications, no discount or premium can be configured for the item if there is not at least one item for a possibly empty discount or premium in the OFML basket file.

### 3.6.7.9.4. Sales Price

Normally, the selling price of an item is determined from the product data. But there is also the possibility to specify it explicitly in the shopping basket for the respective position. In this case, it is saved as part of the article calculation.

| XML Code: Description: | <salesPrice> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The salesPrice element specifies the sales price explicitly (manually) in the shopping basket for a single item of the item. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT salesPrice EMPTY> <!ATTLIST salesPrice currency CDATA \#IMPLIED value CDATA \#IMPLIED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| currency | No | currency | The currency of the sale price according to ISO 4217 (for example "EUR"). |
| value | No | decimal | Value of the selling price. |

### 3.6.7.9.5. Vendor Discount

In the OFML basket, it is possible to define additional supplier discounts for each item in addition to the predefined supplier discounts. For each predefined vendor discount of the item and for each additional custom vendor discount, a vendorDiscount item must appear, with those for the predefined vendor discounts appearing first and in the same order as the corresponding predefVendorDiscount items.

XML Code: <vendorDiscount>
Description: The vendorDiscount element specifies a supplier discount for the item. It must appear for each predefined supplier discount as well as for each user-defined supplier discount, with the predefined supplier rebates discounts by the user-defined supplier rebates and appearing in the same order as the corresponding predefVendorDiscount elements. The attributes currency and value may only be used simultaneously. If they are given, they will specify the relative or absolute discount. In the absence of a predefined discount, the values of the corresponding predefVendorDiscount element are used. In the case of a user-defined discount, the discount is zero (but still displayed).

| DTD: | <!ELEMENT vendorDiscount EMPTY> |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | <!ATTLIST vendorDiscount |
|  | label CDATA \#REQUIRED |
|  | incr (0\|1) \#REQUIRED |
|  | inOrderList (0\|1) \#REQUIRED |
|  | predefined (0\|1) \#REQUIRED |
|  | currency CDATA \#IMPLIED |
|  | value CDATA \#IMPLIED> |


| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| label | Yes | string | The name of the supplier discount. For predefined supplier discounts, <br> it must match the name of the corresponding predefVendorDiscount <br> item. |
| incr | Yes | bool | If "1" (true), the relative supplier rebate refers to the current difference <br> between the purchase price and the previous supplier rebates pro- <br> vided by the product data. In the case of an absolute supplier dis- <br> count, the relative value in the ad should be calculated on the basis <br> of this difference. Otherwise, the relative supplier discount refers di- <br> rectly to the purchase price provided by the product data. |
| inOrderList | Yes | bool | If "1" (true), the supplier discount for the article is explicitly displayed <br> in the document. Otherwise, it will only be included in the purchase <br> price of the item or item. |
| predefined | Yes | bool | When "1" (true) the element refers to a predefined vendor discount. If <br> the currency and value attributes are not specified, the values from <br> the corresponding predefVendorDiscount element will be used. If <br> "0" (false), this is a user-defined supplier discount. |
| currency | No | currency | For absolute discount the currency according to ISO 4217 (for exam- <br> ple "EUR"), for relative discount "\%". |
| value | No | decimal | Amount of the discount, for relative discount in percent. |

### 3.6.7.9.6. Purchase Price

The item for the purchase price was originally used to set a fixed purchase price, which served as the basis for calculating the automatically adjusted supplier rebate. ${ }^{17}$ This functionality is no longer available from version $1.0 r \mathrm{c} 5$ of the OBK. The item purchasePrice, if specified, should be empty.

## XML Code: <purchasePrice>

Description: The element purchasePrice specifies explicitly (manually) in the shopping basket for a single article priced purchase price. It is no longer supported as of version 1.0rc5 and should therefore be empty if specified (no attributes).

DTD: <!ELEMENT purchasePrice EMPTY>

<!ATTLIST purchasePrice
currency CDATA \#IMPLIED
value CDATA \#IMPLIED>
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| currency | No | currency | The currency of the purchase price according to ISO 4217 (for example |

[^12]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | "EUR"). |
| value | No | decimal | Amount of the selling price. |

### 3.6.7.9.7. Rabatt für Artikel

XML Code: <itemDiscount>
Description: The itemDiscount item specifies a discount for the item. If the value attribute is not specified or contains an empty string, the discount is empty, i.e. not forgiven. The attributes label and inOrderList must still exist and should contain meaningful values.

DTD: <!ELEMENT itemDiscount EMPTY>

<!ATTLIST itemDiscount
label CDATA \#REQUIRED
incr (0|1) \#REQUIRED
inOrderList (0|1) \#REQUIRED currency CDATA \#IMPLIED value CDATA \#IMPLIED>
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| label | Yes | string | Name of the discount. |
| incr | Yes | bool | If "1", the relative discount refers to the current difference from the <br> sales price and previous discounts provided by the product data. If <br> it is an absolute discount, calculate the relative value in the ad based <br> on this difference. Otherwise, the relative discount will be directly re- <br> lated to the sales price provided by the product data. |
| inOrderList | Yes | bool | If "1" (true), the discount for the item in the document is explicitly <br> displayed. Otherwise, it is only included in the selling price of the <br> item or item. 18 |
| currency | No | currency | For absolute discount the currency according to ISO 4217 (for ex- <br> ample "EUR"), for relative discount "\%". |
| value | No | decimal | Amount of the discount, for relative discount in percent. The value <br> can also be negative. In this case, it is a surcharge. |

Relative discounts for items / items always refer to the retail price (see §3.6.7.7). Chain discounts are therefore not possible.

[^13]
### 3.6.7.9.8. Surcharge on article

Starting with OBK 1.Obeta11, no explicit surcharges are supported anymore. Instead, negative discounts will be used. The XML should not use itemAddCharge elements or only those without the curency and value attributes.

| XML Code: | <itemAddCharge> |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: | The element itemAddCharge specifies a premium for the item. If the value attribute is not <br> specified or contains an empty string, the serve is empty, i.e. not forgiven. The label and <br> inOrderList attributes must still exist and should contain meaningful values. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT itemAddCharge EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST itemAddCharge <br> label CDATA \#REQUIRED <br> incr (0\|1) \#REQUIRED <br> inOrderList (0\|1) \#REQUIRED <br> currency CDATA \#IMPLIED <br> value CDATA \#IMPLIED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |

Relative surcharges for items / items always refer to the selling price (see §3.6.7.7). Chained surcharges are therefore not possible.

### 3.6.7.10. Alternative Items

Alternative positions are positions that appear in a specific offer, but are not really part of the offer. For them, a price is shown, but not in the total price.

The support of alternative positions in the basket is designed in such a way that it is possible to have several alternative offers within a project, each of which can contain different alternative positions.
For this, each quotation receives a UUID, and each item optionally has a note in which offers it has to appear as an alternative item. ${ }^{20}$

[^14]| XML Code: | <exclOffers> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description: | The exclOffers element usually contains one or more exclOffer elements, each of which specifies the UUID of an offer in which the article item should appear as an alternate item. Item items that do not appear in any offer as an alternative item do not need an exclOffers item. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT exclOffers (exclOffer*)> <br> <!ATTLIST exclOffers> |  |  |
| XML Code: | <excloffer> |  |  |
| Description: | The element exclOffer specifies a single quote in which the position should appear as an alternative item. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT exclOffer EMPTY> <!ATTLIST exclOffer id CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| id | Yes | uuid | The UUID of the quotation in which the position should appear as an alternative item. If this is the null UUID (00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000000), the position appears as an alternative item in all bids in the project. |

### 3.6.7.11. Article Inconsistency

Sometimes it is possible that articles may have inconsistent configurations. This is e.g. then the case when a feature value not selected after insertion of an article has to be determined before the article can be ordered.

| XML Code: | <inconsistency> |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description: $\quad$If the element inconsistency exists, then the article has an inconsistency. If the description <br> of the cause of this inconsistency is available, it is contained in a child element of type text. <br> Since it is currently not possible to query the corresponding text in a specific language, in <br> this case the attribute lang is missing, which otherwise defines the language of the text <br> contained in text elements. <br> If it becomes possible in the future to query the cause of the inconsistency in several lan- <br> guages, the element inconsistency will contain several text elements, which then differ <br> from one another in the value of the attribute lang. |  |
| DTD: $\quad$<!ELEMENT inconsistency (text*)> <br> $\quad<!$ ATTLIST inconsistency> |  |

### 3.6.8. Receipt Calculation

The receipt calculation contains prices and discounts for the entire document (shopping basket). In detail these are:

- the sum of the dealer purchase prices of all items,
- the sum of the selling prices of the trader of all positions (net prices without discounts and surcharges),
- the sum of the net prices of all positions,
- the discount on the entire receipt, net, relative and absolute,
- the discount on the entire receipt, gross, relative and absolute (relative amount identical to relative net rebate, absolute amount identical to absolute net rebate plus VAT),
- the net price (sum of net prices of all positions minus discount (net)),
- the VAT,
- the gross price (net price plus VAT).

The first three values are always dependent on the sum of the corresponding prices of the individual items. The sum of net prices of all items can be specified by the user, in which case but always appropriate discounts are set for all positions, and then the sum of net prices is recalculated.
Each of the four discount values (relative / net, absolute / net, relative / gross, absolute / gross) can be specified by the user. The corresponding value is then used as the basis for calculating the other discount values, the net rate, the absolute value of the VAT and the gross price. The default value does not change even if the sum of the net prices changes, unless the net price becomes negative.
If the net price is specified by the user, then it serves as a basis for calculating the discount, the absolute value of the VAT and the gross price. The default value does not change even if the sum of the net prices changes, unless the discount would be negative.

If the gross price specified by the user, so it serves as a basis for calculating the Abso-lutwert of VAT, the net price and discount. The default value does not change even if the sum of the net prices changes, unless the discount would be negative.


### 3.6.8.1. Gesamtpreis

| XML Code <br> Descriptio <br> DTD: | <!ELEMENT totalPrice EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST totalPrice <br> type (purchase\|sale|artNetTotal|net|VAT|gross) \#REQUIRED currency CDATA \#REQUIRED value CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Descriptio |  |  |  |  |  |
| type | Yes | enum | purchase <br> sale <br> artNetTotal <br> net <br> VAT |  | of of Sum price | dealer retailer's of of VAT | purchase <br> retail <br> net the | prices <br> prices prices voucher (relative) |


| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | Gross - gross price of the document |
| currency | Yes | currency | Currency of the relevant price according to ISO 4217 (for example "EUR"), <br> unless the attribute type has the value "VAT", in which case the attribute <br> currency must have the value "\%". |
| value | Yes | decimal | Amount of the price in the currency specified with the currency attribute <br> or, in the case of VAT, in percent. |

### 3.6.8.2. Gesamtrabatt

| XML Code: Description: | <totalDiscount> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TotalDiscount elements contain the discount specified in the type calculation with the type attribute. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT totalDiscount EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST totalDiscount <br> type (relNet\|absNet|relGross|absGross) \#REQUIRED currency CDATA \#REQUIRED value CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| type | Yes | enum | relNet   relative discount  (net) <br> absNet - absolute discount as net value <br> relGross   relative discount  (gross) <br> Absolutely - absolute discount as gross value <br> The values of the relative discounts net and gross must be identical, the      |
| currency | Yes | currency | Currency of the respective absolute value according to ISO 4217 (for example "EUR") or "\%" for the relative values. |
| value | Yes | decimal | Amount in the specified currency or in percent. |

### 3.7. Basket View

For each shopping basket, there is at least one shopping basket view that defines the visible structure of the shopping basket. ${ }^{21}$ Furthermore, the quantity and order of the visible columns can be defined for each shopping basket view.


[^15]| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 5726009a-756d-11d6-9c21-00e029099a4b |
| name | Yes | string | The name of the basket view. |

### 3.7.1. Statistics for basket view

In order to be able to realize a meaningful progress display when importing, information about the number of objects contained in the view must be stored at the beginning of the basket view.

| XML Code: | <viewCounts> <br> Description: |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| This element is optional. |  |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT viewCounts EMPTY> <br> <!ATTLIST viewCounts <br> items CDATA \#IMPLIED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| items | Yes | integer | Contains the number of objects in the shopping basket view. |

### 3.7.2. Configuration of the basket view

In addition to the currently unused information about the sorting of the items in the shopping basket view (sorted, planning-related) and the type of display of specific shopping basket nodes, the configuration of the shopping basket view contains the list of columns to be displayed in the shopping basket view.

```
XML Code: <viewConfig>
Description: The viewConfig element contains additional elements with information about the configura-
    tion of the shopping basket view.
DTD: <!ELEMENT viewConfig (displayMode, sortOrder, visibleColumns)>
    <!ATTLIST viewConfig>
```


### 3.7.2.1. Display Mode

This element controls the display of items in the shopping basket view. Most attributes must be specified as dictated by the DTD, as the implementation of the shopping basket currently disallows other options.

| XML Code: | <displayMode> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description: | Used to set the display style for a specific type of shopping basket node. Furthermore, the hddenDiscounts attribute controls the handling of discounts marked as not visible at item level in the item table of the shopping basket module. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT displayMode EMPTY> |  |  |
|  | <!ATTLIST displayMode |  |  |
|  | mode (2) \#REQUIRED |  |  |
|  | expGroup (0\|1) \#REQUIRED |  |  |
|  | expPIFolder (1) \#REQUIRED |  |  |
|  | expBskFolder (0) \#REQUIRED |  |  |
|  | expPartPI (0) \#REQUIRED |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | hiddenDiscounts (0\|1)> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| expGroup | Yes | bool | If the value is " 1 ", no separate item is displayed for planning groups (groupings of articles in the graphical configuration) in the article list and in the article tree. The appropriate place is taken directly by the |


| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | children of the group. If the value is " $0 "$, the article list for the group <br> displays a position that contains the children of the group as subi- <br> tems. |
| hiddenDiscounts | No | bool | If the value is "1", then, if supported by the application, discounts <br> marked as not visible at item level in the item table of the shopping <br> basket module are not displayed. If the value is " 0 ", all non-zero dis- <br> counts are always shown in the item table. This flag has no effect on <br> exports and printing. |

### 3.7.2.2. Sorting

This element must be written in the current implementation of the OFML basket as specified.

```
XML Code: <sortOrder>
Description: Will be used in a future version of the OFML Basket to specify the sorting of objects in the
    shopping basket view.
DTD: <!ELEMENT sortOrder EMPTY>
    <!ATTLIST sortOrder>
```


### 3.7.2.3. Visible Columns

In a shopping basket view, only a subset of the columns configured for the shopping basket is usually displayed. Each column to be displayed must be listed as a visibleColumn element within the visibleColumns element.

| XML Code: <br> Description: |  | <visibleColumns> |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | The element visibleColumns contains one column element for each column to be displayed in the goods basket view. The order of the column elements determines the order of the visible columns. |  |
| DTD: < |  | <!ELEMENT visibleColumns (visibleColumn+)> <!ATTLIST visibleColumns> |  |
| XML Code: |  | <visibleColumn> |  |
| Description: T |  | The visibleColumn element contains in the id attribute the ID of a column to be displayed. |  |
| DTD: |  | <!ELEMENT visibleColumn EMPTY> |  |
|  |  | <!ATTLIST visibleColumn |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| id | Yes | uuid | The ID of the column to be displayed. It must be identical to one of the columns listed in the shopping basket configuration (§3.4.1). |

### 3.7.3. Elements in the Basket View

### 3.7.3.1. Folder

XML Code: <folder>

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Descript

DTD: \& | The fo depos ping The s view. ${ }^{2}$ |
| :--- |
| <! ELEM <!ATTL viewl bask | \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{The folder element represents a folder in the shopping basket view. At present, it is always deposited in the shopping basket by a corresponding folder, just as every folder in the shopping basket has an appropriate folder in every shopping basket view. The subelement posNr should not be specified for the root folder of the shopping basket view. ${ }^{22}$ For all other folders it is necessary.} <br>

\hline Attribute \& Required \& Type \& Description <br>
\hline viewld \& Yes \& uuid \& The unique ID of the folder in the shopping basket view. <br>
\hline basketld \& Yes \& uuid \& The ID of the associated folder from the shopping basket. <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

### 3.7.3.2. Artikel

## XML Code: <article>

Description: The article element represents an item in the shopping basket view. It always deposited by a corresponding article in the shopping basket, as well as each article from the shopping basket has a corresponding article in each shopping basket view.

DTD: <!ELEMENT article (posNr, appData?, article*)> <!ATTLIST article viewId CDATA \#REQUIRED basketld CDATA \#REQUIRED>

| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| viewld | Yes | uuid | The unique ID of the item in the shopping basket view. |
| basketld | Yes | uuid | The ID of the assigned item from the shopping basket. |

### 3.8. List of shopping basket items in the cut buffer

The cut buffer currently only contains a list of selected basket items, including their sub items, if applicable. These shopping basket items appear in the XML document as children of the items element, with the child items appearing as children of the corresponding parent items.

The basket items can only be basket items and folders, because the items and folders cannot be edited using Cut / Copy / Paste.

```
XML Code: <items>
Description: The items element is a direct child of the document root element cutBuffer. It contains as
    children a non-empty list of the cut out, copied or inserted basket items and folders.
DTD: <!ELEMENT items (bskFolder|bskArticle|usrArticle)+>
    <!ATTLIST items>
```

[^16]
### 3.9. General Elements

### 3.9.1. Name

This element is used within the manufacturer (§3.6.7.1) and serial (§3.6.7.2) elements.

| XML Code: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: | <name> <br> The name element contains the name of a manufacturer or series in the language specified <br> by the lang attribute. |  |  |
| DTD: | <!ELEMENT name (\#PCDATA)> <br> <!ATTLIST name <br> lang CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |

### 3.9.2. Text

This element is used within the description elements (§3.6.7.4) and to describe the reason of an inconsistent configuration (§3.6.7.11).


### 3.9.3. Position Numbers

Item numbers are assigned to all items within the shopping basket views except the root folder.

| XML Code: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description: |
| DTD: | | <posNr> |
| :--- |
| The posNr element contains the item number of an item in a shopping basket view. |
| <!ELEMENT posNr EMPTY> |
| <!ATTLIST posNr |
| value CDATA \#REQUIRED> |

[^17]
### 3.9.4. Application specific data

Application-specific data may be added by the application to certain elements of the shopping basket and shopping basket views.

| XML Code: |  | <appData> |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description: ${ }^{\text {T }}$ |  | The appData element contains zero or more application elements, one for each application or module, that has appended application-specific data to the element. |  |
| DTD: |  | <!ELEMENT appData (application)*><!ATTLIST appData> |  |
| XML Code: | <application> |  |  |
| Description: | The application element contains the data appended to the application or module identified by the key attribute to the element containing the appData element. |  |  |
| DTD: $\quad$ <! |  | <!ELEMENT application ANY> <!ATTLIST application key CDATA \#REQUIRED> |  |
| Attribute | Required | Type | Description |
| key | Yes | string | The key that identifies the application or module. An example is "fandc/basket' (shopping basket module of the GUI of OBK and SCE). |

### 3.10. Dokument Type Definition

```
<?xml version='1.0'?>
<!DOCTYPE (basket|cutBuffer) }\mp@subsup{}{}{24}\mathrm{ [
    <!ELEMENT basket
    (versionInfo?, bskCounts?, config, genImgURIs, appData?, topFolder,
    bskCalc, view+)>
    <!ATTLIST basket>
    <!ELEMENT cutBuffer (versionInfo?, items)>
    <!ATTLIST cutBuffer>
    <!ELEMENT versionInfo EMPTY>
    <!ATTLIST versionInfo
    vendorKey CDATA #REQUIRED
    appKey CDATA #REQUIRED
    appVersion CDATA #REQUIRED
    bskXmlVersion CDATA #IMPLIED
    bskVersion CDATA #IMPLIED>
    <!ELEMENT bskCounts EMPTY>
    <!ATTLIST bskCounts
    items CDATA #IMPLIED
    views CDATA #IMPLIED>
    <!ELEMENT config (column+, defaultView, currency, VAT)>
    <!ATTLIST config>
```

[^18]```
<!ELEMENT column (defColValue)?>
<!ATTLIST column
id CDATA #REQUIRED
type (builtin|text|number|bool|image|eclass) #REQUIRED
name CDATA #REQUIRED
title CDATA #REQUIRED
defColld CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT defColValue (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST defColValue>
<!ELEMENT genImgURIs (genImgURI*)>
<!ATTLIST genImgURIs>
<!ELEMENT genImgURI (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST genImgURI
    progld CDATA #REQUIRED
    manuld CDATA #REQUIRED
    seriesId CDATA #REQUIRED
    artNo CDATA #REQUIRED
    varCode CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT topFolder
    (appData?, (bskFolder|bskArticle|usrArticle|plFolder|plArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST topFolder
    basketld CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT bskFolder
    (label, appData?, (bskFolder|bskArticle|usrArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST bskFolder
    basketld CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT plFolder
    (label, appData?, (plFolder|plArticle|bskFolder|bskArticle|usrArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST plFolder
    basketld CDATA #REQUIRED
    planId CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT label (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST label>
<!ELEMENT bskArticle
    (mainItem?, metaltem?, manufacturer?, series?, artNr+, description+,
    features, quantity?, itemPrice+, predefVendorDiscount*, pdInfo,
    inconsistency?, artCalc, addStateCode?, subArticle*, catalogInfo,
    exclOffers?, propSubArticle?, appData?, (bskArticle|usrArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST bskArticle
    basketld CDATA #REQUIRED
    itemType (BasketArticle|BasketPartialPlanning|BasketAggregate) #REQUIRED
    subltem (0|1) "0">
<!ELEMENT addStateCode (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST addStateCode
    type (ChildProps) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT subArticle EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST subArticle
id CDATA #REQUIRED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT propSubArticle EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST propSubArticle
    id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT mainItem EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST mainltem
    id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT metaltem EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST metaltem
    id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT plArticle
    (label, manufacturer?, series?, artNr+, description+, features, itemPrice+,
    predefVendorDiscount*, pdInfo, inconsistency?, artCalc, appData?,
    (pIArticle|bskArticle|usrArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST pIArticle
    basketId CDATA #REQUIRED
    itemType (Article|Group|PartialPlanning|Aggregate) #REQUIRED
    planId CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT usrArticle
    (manufacturer?, series?, artNr+, description+, quantity?, itemPrice+,
    predefVendorDiscount*, pdInfo, artCalc, exclOffers?, featureText, appData?,
    (bskArticle|usrArticle)*)>
<!ATTLIST usrArticle
    basketld CDATA #REQUIRED
    itemType (UserArticle) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT manufacturer (name*)>
<!ATTLIST manufacturer
    id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT series (name*)>
<!ATTLIST series
    id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT artNr (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST artNr
    type (base|final|varcode) #REQUIRED
    default (0|1) "0">
<!ELEMENT description (text*)>
<!ATTLIST description
    type (short|long|features) #REQUIRED
    default (0|1) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT features (feature*)>
<!ATTLIST features>
<!ELEMENT feature (nameText*, valueText*, descrText*)>
<!ATTLIST feature
name CDATA #REQUIRED
value CDATA #REQUIRED
flags CDATA #REQUIRED
id ID #IMPLIED
nameText IDREF #IMPLIED
valueText IDREF #IMPLIED
descrText IDREF #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT featureText (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST featureText>
<!ELEMENT nameText (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST nameText
lang CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT valueText (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST valueText
lang CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT descrText (descrLine+)>
<!ATTLIST descrText
lang CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT descrLine (descrField0, descrField1)>
<!ATTLIST descrLine>
<!ELEMENT descrField0 (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST descrFieldO>
<!ELEMENT descrField1 (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST descrField1>
<!ELEMENT quantity EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST quantity
count CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT itemPrice EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST itemPrice
type (purchase|sale) #REQUIRED
pd (0|1) "0"
override (0|1) "0"
currency CDATA #REQUIRED
value CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT pkgName EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST pkgName
value CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT predefVendorDiscount EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST predefVendorDiscount
label CDATA #REQUIRED
incr (0|1) #REQUIRED
relative CDATA #REQUIRED
currency CDATA #REQUIRED
value CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT pdInfo (epdf?)>
<!ATTLIST pdInfo
pdbType (undef|other|epdf|epl|ocd) #REQUIRED
pkgName CDATA #REQUIRED
manufacturerld CDATA #REQUIRED
seriesId CDATA #REQUIRED
progld CDATA #REQUIRED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT epdf EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST epdf
    artSrc CDATA #REQUIRED
    accountGrp CDATA #REQUIRED
    ctrICode CDATA #REQUIRED
    prodHier CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT artCalc (salesPrice?, vendorDiscount*, purchasePrice?,
    itemDiscount*, itemAddCharge*)>
<!ATTLIST artCalc>
<!ELEMENT salesPrice EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST salesPrice
currency CDATA #IMPLIED
value CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT vendorDiscount EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST vendorDiscount
label CDATA #REQUIRED
incr (0|1) #REQUIRED
inOrderList (0|1) #REQUIRED
predefined (0|1) #REQUIRED currency CDATA #IMPLIED
value CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT purchasePrice EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST purchasePrice
currency CDATA #IMPLIED
value CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT itemDiscount EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST itemDiscount
label CDATA #REQUIRED
incr (0|1) #REQUIRED
inOrderList (0|1) #REQUIRED
currency CDATA #IMPLIED
value CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT itemAddCharge EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST itemAddCharge
label CDATA #REQUIRED
incr (0|1) #REQUIRED
inOrderList (0|1) #REQUIRED
currency CDATA #IMPLIED
value CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT exclOffers (exclOffer*)>
<!ATTLIST exclOffers>
<!ELEMENT excIOffer EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST exclOffer
id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT inconsistency (text*)>
<!ATTLIST inconsistency>
<!ELEMENT catalogInfo EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST catalogInfo
id CDATA #REQUIRED
version CDATA #REQUIRED
artNr CDATA #REQUIRED
varCode CDATA "">
```

```
<!ELEMENT bskCalc (totalPrice|totalDiscount)+>
<!ATTLIST bskCalc
fixed CDATA #REQUIRED
currency CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT totalPrice EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST totalPrice
type (purchase|sale|artNetTotal|net|VAT|gross) #REQUIRED
currency CDATA #REQUIRED
value CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT totalDiscount EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST totalDiscount
type (relNet|absNet|relGross|absGross) #REQUIRED
currency CDATA #REQUIRED
value CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT view (viewCounts?, viewConfig, appData?, folder)>
<!ATTLIST view
id CDATA #REQUIRED
name CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT viewCounts EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST viewCounts
items CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT viewConfig (displayMode, sortOrder, visibleColumns)>
<!ATTLIST viewConfig>
<!ELEMENT displayMode EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST displayMode
mode (2) #REQUIRED
expGroup (0|1) #REQUIRED
expPIFolder (1) #REQUIRED
expBskFolder (0) #REQUIRED
expPartPI (0) #REQUIRED
expAggr (0) #REQUIRED
hiddenDiscounts (0|1)>
<!ELEMENT sortOrder EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST sortOrder>
<!ELEMENT visibleColumns (visibleColumn+)>
<!ATTLIST visibleColumns>
<!ELEMENT visibleColumn EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST visibleColumn
id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT folder (posNr?, appData?, (folder|article)*)>
<!ATTLIST folder
viewId CDATA #REQUIRED
basketld CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT article (posNr, appData?, article*)>
<!ATTLIST article
viewId CDATA #REQUIRED
basketld CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT items (bskFolder|bskArticle|usrArticle)+>
<!ATTLIST items>
```

```
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST name
    lang CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT text (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST text
    lang CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT posNr EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST posNr
    value CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT appData (application)*>
<!ATTLIST appData>
<!ELEMENT application ANY>
<!ATTLIST application
    key CDATA #REQUIRED>
]>
```


## 4. History

## 20017-11-23 [1.5]

- English translation.


## 2006-03-05 [1.4]

- Various syntax errors in the DTD have been fixed.
- Documentation of the new attribute flags of the element feature.
- Documentation of the new element inconsistency.
- Documentation of the new versioninfo element.
- Documentation of the attribute override of the element itemPrice.
- Documentation of using itemPrice (with attribute $\mathbf{p d}=1$ ) and predefVendorDiscount for user-defined articles.
- In the DTD fragment in the description of the element view, the child element appData was missing.
- Documentation of the new elements descrText, descrLine, descrField0 and descrField1.
- Documentation of the new attributes id, nameText, valueText and descrText of the feature element.


## 2005-08-05 [1.3]

- Documentation of the element displayMode updated, and new attribute hiddenDiscounts documented.


## 2005-07-15 [1.2]

- Elements of cutBuffer (alternative document root) and items documented.
- Formatting and spelling revised, title bar changed to "OFML-Basket XML Format"


## 2004-11-29 [1.1]

- Element purchasePrice (no longer used as of OBK 1.0rc5)
- The genImgURIs and genImgURI elements contain the list of generated product images.
- Support for multiple predefined and user-defined supplier rebates via the new element predefVendorDiscount and the extended vendorDiscount element
- The element pdInfo has a new attribute progld, and the attribute pdbType has new value ocd
- The element itemAddCharge is no longer supported in the OBK.
- The elements itemDiscount and itemAddCharge have an additional attribute incr.


## 2004-06-10 [1.1beta]

- Element salesPrice documented.
- The element quantity may only be used for bskArticle elements whose attribute subltem has the value " 0 ".
- The elements mainltem and metaltem must be the first two child elements of bskArticle elements.
- A description element of the type features can be used to store the description of the features of an article provided by geArticleFeatures().
- As a special language abbreviation, two spaces can be used for the name element.


## 2003-07-21 [1.0]

- Headline changed to "OFML-Basket XML Format"
- Added new EGR logo


## 2003-07-19 [0.93]

- The elements artNr, description, features and itemPrice are optional.
- The elements exclOffers and exclOffer have been added to identify alternative positions.
- New element defColValue for the default value of a user-defined column.
- The createParams element has been dropped, since the name of the package is stored with the pdInfo element, and the name of the OFML class can and must be determined at runtime.
- description of support for metatypes; The itemType BasketSubArticle has been omitted, and the new elements metaltem, propSubArticle, subArticle and addStateCode as well as the attribute subltem of the element bskArticle have been added.


## 2003-05-17 [0.92]

- Added a description of the item posNr

2003-05-12 [0.91]

- Fixes in Formatting

2003-05-11 [0.90]

- First version


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For example, Starting with EAI version 1.4beta8, after inserting data from the clipboard that originated from pCon.planner or pCon.configurator, the price profile of the OFML basket is used to determine the purchase and sale prices for the inserted articles and their calculation updated. The prerequisite is that pCon.planner and pCon .configurator generate the corresponding versionInfo elements.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ The items in the shopping basket views are not counted. These are deposited with the respective view.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ Since scheduling folders are dynamically removed from planning and recreated, and their identity may not be preserved during this time, it is probably not a good idea to create a shopping basket folder and basket items below scheduling folders.

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ In the case of nested meta types this does not have to be identical to the main article.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ E.g. a metatype that is not a constituent (sub-article) of another metatype.

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ This means that subsequent manual restructuring in the shopping basket has no influence on the referencing of sub-articles or on which articles are considered as sub-articles.
    ${ }^{7}$ This applies only in the event that the metatype takes its own position in the order list. If this is not the case, the metatype and parent child share a bskArticle element.

[^6]:    8 It sometimes happens that planning elements designated as regular articles by the OFML via the ::egr::app::basket::addltem() callback do not have the corresponding information, so that these are therefore more of a partial plan.

[^7]:    ${ }^{9}$ If an article does not contain text for the features, it will be generated from the content of the features element.

[^8]:    ${ }^{10}$ The texts are identical only if the OFML methods for querying the texts (getArticleFeatures () and getArticleFeaturesDescr () of the interface Article) were not overwritten.

[^9]:    ${ }^{11}$ The existence of at least one nameText element is required for compatibility with EAI 1.3.
    ${ }^{12}$ The existence of at least one valueText element is required for compatibility with EAI 1.3.

[^10]:    ${ }^{13}$ All articles of an article group have the same number, which is deposited for the main article.

[^11]:    ${ }^{14}$ It is common for packet names to contain two closing colons, but this would be incorrect with regard to the coding language used for OFML.

[^12]:    ${ }^{15}$ Version 1.0 of the OBK only supports incremental supplier discounts. The incr attribute should be set to " 1 ".
    ${ }^{16}$ In version 1.0 of the OBK, supplier discounts are not displayed in the document. The attribute inOrderList should be set to "1".
    ${ }^{17}$ When entering a purchase price, the predefined supplier discount for the item in question is set to zero and a user-defined absolute supplier discount is inserted, the amount of which results from the difference between the entered purchase price and the purchase price delivered by the product data.

[^13]:    ${ }^{18}$ It is up to the application to evaluate the value of the attribute inOrderList. Applications can also ignore it and generally show all discounts or include them in the sales price.

[^14]:    ${ }^{19}$ It is up to the application to evaluate the value of the attribute inOrderList. Applications can also ignore it and generally include all surcharges or include it in the selling price.
    ${ }^{20}$ Currently, alternative offer configuration is not supported, and one offer of a project does not have a UUID. However, since a null UUID in the excIOffer element refers to each offer, it is still possible to mark alternative items as such.

[^15]:    ${ }^{21}$ In the current implementation, the basket view structure is the same as the basket structure.

[^16]:    ${ }^{22}$ If specified, the value of the item number must be empty ("").

[^17]:    ${ }^{23}$ If a position number is written for the root folder of a shopping basket view, the value of the value attribute must be an empty string.

[^18]:    ${ }^{24}$ This notation does not conform to the XML specification, but was used to simplify the two document type definitions for storing the shopping basket in project files and for storing shopping basket items in the cutbuffer, the second of which is essentially a subset of the first is to summarize.

